

MAP LEGEND

â

00

Δ

Water Features

Transportation

Background

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Other

Rails

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Very Stony Spot

Special Line Features

Streams and Canals

Interstate Highways

Aerial Photography

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut Survey Area Data: Version 20, Jun 9, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 27, 2016—Oct 24, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Soil Map—State of Connecticut

Coatsville Soil Map

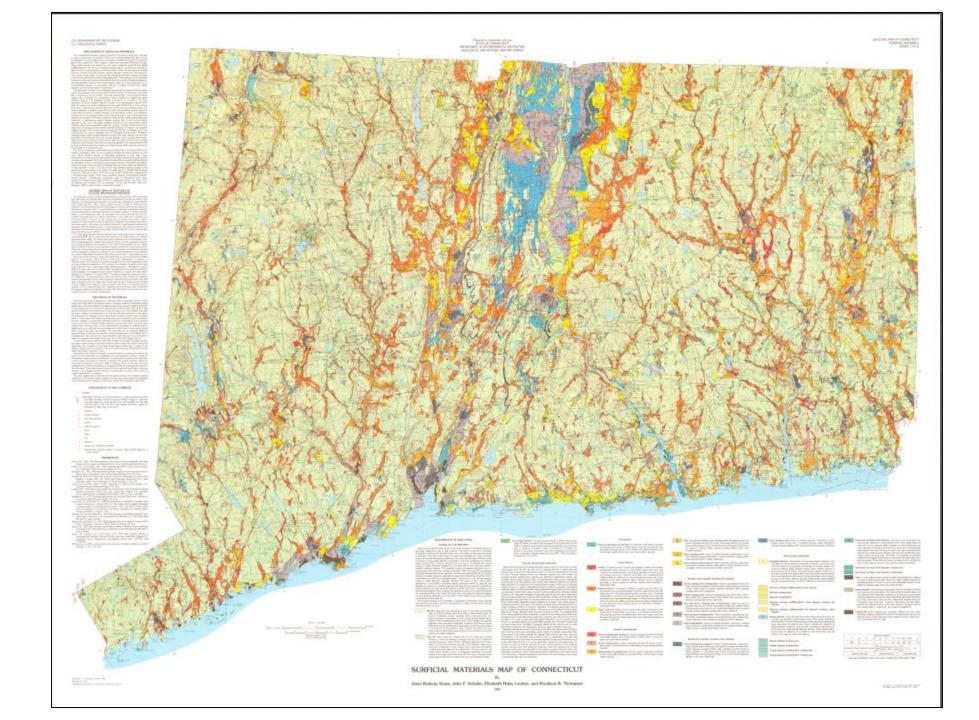
Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
4	Leicester fine sandy loam	21.5	1.2%
12	Raypol silt loam	74.1	4.3%
13	Walpole sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	4.1	0.2%
15	Scarboro muck, 0 to 3 percent slopes	23.8	1.4%
17	Timakwa and Natchaug soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.2	0.2%
18	Catden and Freetown soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2.2	0.1%
20A	Ellington silt loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.7	0.5%
23A	Sudbury sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	133.1	7.7%
29A	Agawam fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	154.1	9.0%
29B	Agawam fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	77.1	4.5%
33A	Hartford sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	14.5	0.8%
33B	Hartford sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	19.1	1.1%
34A	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	68.6	4.0%
34B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	73.2	4.3%
36B	Windsor loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	28.3	1.6%
36C	Windsor loamy sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	7.0	0.4%
37C	Manchester gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes	96.6	5.6%
37E	Manchester gravelly sandy loam, 15 to 45 percent slopes	4.9	0.3%
38C	Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 15 percent slopes	11.7	0.7%
53A	Wapping very fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	48.4	2.8%
53B	Wapping very fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	102.2	6.0%
63C	Cheshire fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	16.6	1.0%

Soil Map—State of Connecticut

Coatsville Soil Map

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
66B	Narragansett silt loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	179.7	10.5%	
66C	Narragansett silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	25.8	1.5%	
67B	Narragansett silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	18.1	1.1%	
101	Occum fine sandy loam	3.6	0.2%	
102	Pootatuck fine sandy loam	19.1	1.1%	
103	Rippowam fine sandy loam	26.5	1.5%	
108	Saco silt loam	44.8	2.6%	
109	Fluvaquents-Udifluvents complex, frequently flooded	50.0	2.9%	
306	Udorthents-Urban land complex	123.2	7.2%	
701A	Ninigret fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	107.7	6.3%	
701B	Ninigret fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	4.8	0.3%	
702A	Tisbury silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	3.1	0.2%	
702B	Tisbury silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2.3	0.1%	
704A	Enfield silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	9.0	0.5%	
704B	Enfield silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	52.8	3.1%	
W	Water	53.6	3.1%	
Totals for Area of Interest		1,718.0	100.0%	





Alluvium

Stream deposits of silt, sand, and gravel. In western half of quadrangle consists of light-grayishbrown sand and gravel; in eastern half consists of coarse gray gravel and minor amounts of gray sand and silt. Generally less than 10 feet thick but locally as much as 20 feet thick



Swamp deposits

Grayish-brown to black muck, sand, silt, clay, and peat. Generally 5 to 10 feet thick but locally as much as 25 feet thick



Uncorrelated outwash

Reddish-brown to gray sand and gravel; well stratified; as much as 50 feet thick



Compact to loose, nonsorted to poorly sorted, nonstratified mixture of clay, silt, sand, peb-bles, cobbles, and boulders. Generally reddish brown to pale reddish brown in west helf of quadrangle, gray to light gray in east half. Includes small lenses of stratified drift. Thickness generally less than 20 feet but locally may be more than 100 feet thick



Uncorrelated ice-contact stratified drift

Sand, gravel, and minor amounts of silt deposited by melt water; includes eskers, kames, small kame terraces, and other kettled deposits. Includes both glaciofluvial and glaciolacustrine deposits. Reddish brown in west half of quadrangle, gray in east half



Bedrock outcrops

Individual outcrops shown by solid color; thinly veneered bedrock and scattered small outcrops shown by ruled pattern. Some outcrops taken from Collins (1954)



Alluvial-fan deposits

Coarse-grained, poorly sorted, rudely stratified stream deposits as much as 20 feet thick



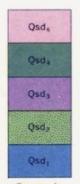
Undifferentiated glaciofluvial deposits

Reddish-brown to yellowish-brown sand and gravel in irregular landforms not distinct enough to separate by origin



Stream-terrace deposits

Yellowish-brown, well-bedded sand, silt, and clay; locally gravelly; as much as 20 feet thick



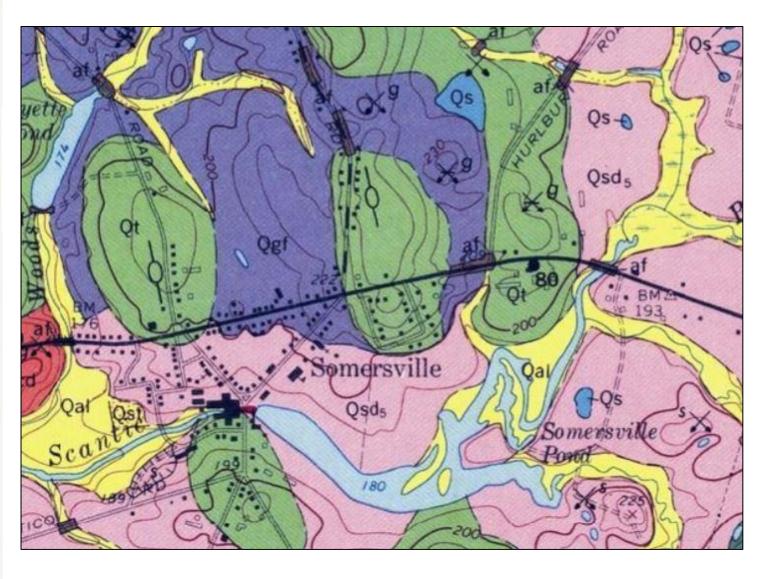
Outwash

roglacial kettled and unkettled outwash and collapsed ice-contact stratified drift; graded from coarse gravel at head of outwash to fine sand and silt; generally reddish brown

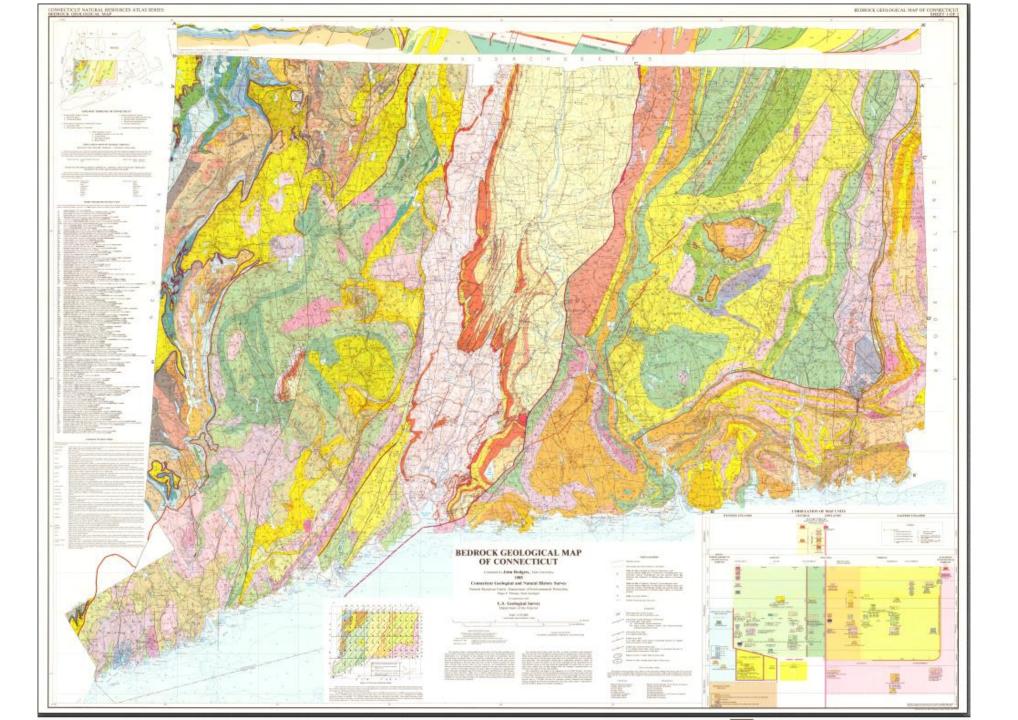


Artificial fill

Mainly sand and gravel, locally till and trash. Most fills less than 20 feet thick but locally as much as 40 feet thick



For clearer view of the legend, follow this link and zoom in using the interactive map https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/Prodesc/proddesc 2264.htm



SHORT DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS Units are listed alphabetically by map symbol. More detailed descriptions are found on Sheet 2. Recognized geologic names, e.g., Cheshire Quartzite, appear as small-type boldface; rock terms, e.g., schist, appear as large-type boldface, and are defined in the glossary. €c Cheshire Quartzite: white, glassy quartzite Dalton Formation: gray, tan-weathering feldspathic quartzite, gneiss, and schist €d Everett Schist: gray, partly rusty-weathering, fine- to medium-grained schist €e Hoosac Schist: gray, rusty-weathering, fine- to medium-grained schist €h Manhattan Schist: dark-gray to silvery, rusty-weathering, coarse-grained schistose gneiss €m Amphibolite-bearing unit of Manhattan Schist: like €m with amphibolite -€mp Lower slice of Canaan Mountain Schist: dark-gray, 'usty-weathering, coarse-grained schist Upper slice of Canaan Mountain Schist: dark-gray to silvery, rusty-weathering, medium-grained schist €mcu Basal member of upper slice of Cansan Mountain Schist: gray, rusty-weathering gneiss -Emcub Unit a of Stockbridge Marble: white to gray dolomie marble €sa Unit b of Stockbridge Marble: white to light-gray delomite marble and schist €sb Unit c of Stockbridge Marble: gray dolomite marble €sc Waterbury Gneiss: gray to dark-gray, fine- to medium-grained schist and gneiss €wb DbI Littleton Formation: gray to silvery, medium-grained schist and micaceous quartzite Dblm Mount Pisgah Member of Littleton Formation: gray, medium-grained, micaceous quartzite and schist Canterbury Gneisst light-gray, medium-grained, locally strongly lineated gneiss De Dee "Eastford gneiss phase" of Canterbury Gneiss: light-gray, medium-grained, locally strongly lineated gneiss D?d Foliated quartz diorite: dark-gray, medium-grained, well-foliated dioritic gneiss De Erving Formation: gray, medium-grained granofels and schist Foliated granitic gneiss: light-gray, coarse-grained granitic gneiss Dgg Lebanon Gabbro: dark, coarse-grained massive gabbro Dld Dioritic phase of Lebanon Gabbro: white to black, streaked, medium-grained dioritic gneiss Dlp Lamprophyre: dark-gray, fine-grained dike rock - lamprophyre Dm Maromas Granite Gneiss: light-gray to buff, medium- to fine-grained granitic gneiss Hornblende norite: dark, coarse-grained massive norite Dn Nonewaug Granite: white to pink, fine- to very coane-grained granite; parts are pegmatitic Dng DSs Scotland Schist: gray to silvery, locally rusty, fine- to medium-grained schist Quartrite unit in Scotland Schist: micaceous quartzite and mica schist DSsq The Straits Schist: silvery to gray, coarse-grained schist DSt DSts Southington Mountain Member of The Straits Schist: gray to silvery, medium-grained schist and granofels DSw Wepawaug Schist: medium- to dark-gray, medium- to fine-grained schist or phyllite Buttress Dolerite: dark-gray, brown- to gray-weathering dolerite (traprock), compositionally similar to basalt Jb Jeb East Berlin Formation: reddish-brown silty shale Jha Hampden Basalt: dark-gray, orange- to brown-weathering basalt (traprock) Jho Holyeke Basalt: dark-gray, orange- to brown-weathering basalt (traprock) Jp Portland Arkose: reddish-brown arkose (brownstone) Jsi Silicified rock and mylonite along Mesozoic faults: sheared rock with abundant quartz veins Jsm Shuttle Meadow Formation: reddish-brown silty shale Jta Talcott Basalt: dark-gray, orange- to brown-weathering basalt (traprock) Jwr West Rock Dolerite: dark-gray, orange- to brown-weathering dolerite (traprock), compositionally similar to basalt On Allingtown Metavolcanics: green, fine-grained massive greenstone Ob Brookfield Gneiss: dark and light, medium- to coarse-grained dioritic gneiss Obr Brimfield Schist: gray, rusty-weathering, medium- to coarse-grained, interlayered schist and gneiss Ohrg Gneiss (metavolcanic) member of Brimfield Schist: gray, medium-grained, layered gneiss and schist Bristol Gneiss: light-gray, medium-grained gneiss Collinsville Formation: gray and silvery, medium- to coarse-grained schist and dark, fine- to medium-grained amphibolite and

For clearer view of the legend, follow this link and zoom in using the interactive map - https://ngmdb.usgs.gov/Prodesc/proddesc_54245.htm

hornblende gneiss

